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```
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```
Welcome to STN International
NEWS
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NEWS
                 {\tt CA/CAPLUS} - Russian Agency for Patents and Trademarks
NEWS 3 FEB 25
                 (ROSPATENT) added to list of core patent offices covered
NEWS
         FEB 28
                 PATDPAFULL - New display fields provide for legal status
                 data from INPADOC
                 BABS - Current-awareness alerts (SDIs) available
NEWS .5
       FEB 28
NEWS 6 FEB 28 MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reloaded
        MAR 02
NEWS 7
                 GBFULL: New full-text patent database on STN
     8 MAR 03
NEWS
                REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY - Sequence annotations enhanced
NEWS 9 MAR 03 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS 10 MAR 22 KOREAPAT now updated monthly; patent information enhanced
NEWS 11 MAR 22 Original IDE display format returns to REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY
NEWS 12 MAR 22 PATDPASPC - New patent database available
NEWS 13 MAR 22 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with experimental property tags
NEWS 14 APR 04 EPFULL enhanced with additional patent information and new
                 fields
NEWS 15 APR 04
                EMBASE - Database reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 16 APR 18 New CAS Information Use Policies available online
NEWS
     17 APR 25 Patent searching, including current-awareness alerts (SDIs),
                 based on application date in CA/CAplus and USPATFULL/USPAT2
                 may be affected by a change in filing date for U.S.
                 applications.
NEWS
     18 APR 28
                 Improved searching of U.S. Patent Classifications for
                 U.S. patent records in CA/CAplus
NEWS
      19 MAY 23
                 GBFULL enhanced with patent drawing images
NEWS
     20 MAY 23
                 REGISTRY has been enhanced with source information from
                 CHEMCATS
NEWS
     21 MAY 26
                 STN User Update to be held June 6 and June 7 at the SLA 2005
                 Annual Conference
                 STN Patent Forums to be held in June 2005
NEWS 22 JUN 06
NEWS 23 JUN 06
                 The Analysis Edition of STN Express with Discover!
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             JANUARY 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01a, CURRENT
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 10 JANUARY 2005
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```

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ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END): end

- => screen 970
- L1 SCREEN CREATED
- => screen 1992 OR 2016 OR 2021 OR 2026 OR 1929 OR 1838
- L2 SCREEN CREATED

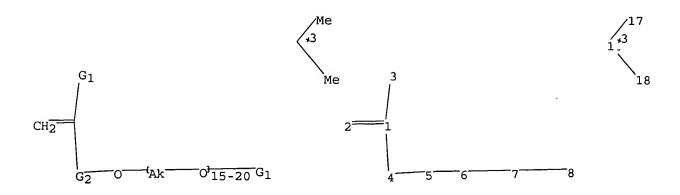
=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10001982.str

CH2

13 \*1

\*<sup>2</sup>СН2 СН2

<sup>2</sup>14<sup>---</sup>15



chain nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 13 14 15 16 17 18

chain bonds :

1-2 1-3 1-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 7-8 14-15 16-17 16-18

exact/norm bonds :

1-3 1-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 7-8

exact bonds :

1-2 14-15 16-17 16-18

G1:C,H

G2: [\*1], [\*2], [\*3]

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 13:CLASS

14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> que L3 AND L1 NOT L2

L4 QUE L3 AND L1 NOT L2

=> d

L4 HAS. NO ANSWERS

L1 SCR 970

L2 SCR 1992 OR 2016 OR 2021 OR 2026 OR 1929 OR 1838

L3 STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L4  $\,$  QUE L3 AND L1 NOT L2  $\,$ 

=> s 14

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 10:13:49 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 26 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 26 ITERATIONS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

215 TO 825

PROJECTED ANSWERS:

0 TO

L5

O SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L1 NOT L2

=> s 14 ful

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 10:13:54 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 442 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 442 ITERATIONS

3 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L6 3 SEA SSS FUL L3 AND L1 NOT L2

=> d scan

L6 3 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

IN 2,5,8,11,14,17,20,23,26,29,32,35,38,41,44,47,50,53,56Nonadecaoxanonapentacont-58-ene (9CI)

MF C40 H80 O19

PAGE 1-A

H<sub>2</sub>C== CH- CH<sub>2</sub>- O- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- O- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>-

PAGE 1-B

- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- O- CH<sub>2</sub>

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 1-D

- 0- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- 0- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- 0- CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- OMe

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

10/001,982

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

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=> file caplus

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=> s 16

L7 3 L6

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=> s 17 and (water or aqueous) 2246872 WATER

164443 AQUEOUS

1 L7 AND (WATER OR AQUEOUS) T.8

=> d bib ab

ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L8

AN 1999:346569 CAPLUS

DN 131:102321

TI Silsesquioxane-Based Amphiphiles

AU Knischka, Ralf; Dietsche, Frank; Hanselmann, Ralf; Frey, Holger; Muelhaupt, Rolf; Lutz, Pierre J.

CS Institut fuer Makromolekulare Chemie und Freiburger Materialforschungszentrum (FMF), Albert-Ludwigs-Universitaet Freiburg, Freiburg, D-79104, Germany

SO Langmuir (1999), 15(14), 4752-4756 CODEN: LANGD5; ISSN: 0743-7463

PB American Chemical Society

DTJournal

LΑ English

AΒ A novel type of amphiphilic spherosilsesquioxane derivative, 1- $(1,\omega$ -propylenemethoxy)oligo(ethylene oxide)-3,5,7,9,11,13,15heptahydridopentacyclo[9.5.13,9.15,15.17,13]octasiloxane was prepared from (HSiO3/2)8 and allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) (Mn = 750 g/mol) by hydrosilylation. The monosubstituted octahydridosilsesquioxane was characterized by 1H, 13C, and 29Si NMR spectroscopy, IR, and MALDI-TOF mass spectroscopy as well as elemental anal. Surface tension measurements

```
micellar and vesicular structures that can be cross-linked to
       liposome-like silica particles at elevated pH.
                THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 RE.CNT 29
                ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
 =>
                                                        d scan
 T.R
       1 ANSWERS
                   CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 CC
      29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
      Section cross-reference(s): 35
 TI
      Silsesquioxane-Based Amphiphiles
 ST
      silsesquioxane based amphiphile prepn; aggregation silsesquioxane
       amphiphile micelle vesicle formation; oligo ethylene oxide silsesquioxane
      deriv prepn
 IT
      Mass spectra
          (MALDI-TOF; of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
 IT
      Molecular association
          (aggregation; of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
      Liposomes
 IT
          (liposome formation by crosslinking silsesquioxane-based amphiphile at
         high pH)
 IT
      Hydrosilylation
          (of allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) Me ether with
         octahydridosilsesquioxane)
 IT
      Micelles
      Surface tension
      Vesicles (colloidal)
          (of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
 IT
      Crosslinking
          (of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile at high pH)
 IT
      Amphiphiles
          (preparation of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile by hydrosilylation of
         allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) Me ether with
         octahydridosilsesquioxane)
      Silsesquioxanes
· TT
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
       (Reactant or reagent)
          (preparation of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile by hydrosilylation of
         allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) Me ether with
         octahydridosilsesquioxane)
 IT
      281-50-5
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
          (hydrosilylation of allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) Me ether
         with octahydridosilsesquioxane)
 IT
      230952-24-6P
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
       (Reactant or reagent)
          (preparation and hydrosilylation of allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide)
         Me ether with octahydridosilsesquioxane)
      106-95-6, Allyl bromide, reactions
 IT
                                          171286-86-5
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation of allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide))
 IT
      74-85-1, Ethene, reactions
      RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (reaction with silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
 IT
      230952-26-8P
      RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
```

(surface tension, MALDI-TOF mass spectra; preparation of

of the water-soluble amphiphile show a cmc in the range of 6 + 10-4 mol/L. Aggregation of the uncondensed amphiphile leads to

silsesquioxane-based amphiphiles)

```
IT
     230952-25-7P
     RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (surface tension, TEM, MALDI-TOF mass spectra; preparation, properties,
        aggregation, and crosslinking of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED
=> d scan 17
L7 .
      3 ANSWERS
                  CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35
TI
     Silsesquioxane-Based Amphiphiles
     silsesquioxane based amphiphile prepn; aggregation silsesquioxane
     amphiphile micelle vesicle formation; oligo ethylene oxide silsesquioxane
     deriv prepn
     Mass spectra
IT
        (MALDI-TOF; of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
IT
     Molecular association
        (aggregation; of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
IT
        (liposome formation by crosslinking silsesquioxane-based amphiphile at
        high pH)
     Hydrosilylation
IT
        (of allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) Me ether with
        octahydridosilsesquioxane)
IT
     Micelles
     Surface tension
     Vesicles (colloidal)
        (of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
IT
     Crosslinking
        (of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile at high pH)
IT
     Amphiphiles
        (preparation of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile by hydrosilylation of
        allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) Me ether with
        octahydridosilsesquioxane)
IT
     Silsesquioxanes
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile by hydrosilylation of
        allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) Me ether with
        octahydridosilsesquioxane)
IT
     281-50-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation of allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide) Me ether
        with octahydridosilsesquioxane)
IT
     230952-24-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and hydrosilylation of allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide)
        Me ether with octahydridosilsesquioxane)
ΙT
     106-95-6, Allyl bromide, reactions
                                          171286-86-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of allyl-functional oligo(ethylene oxide))
ΙT
     74-85-1, Ethene, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
ΙT
     230952-26-8P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
```

```
(surface tension, MALDI-TOF mass spectra; preparation of
        silsesquioxane-based amphiphiles)
IT
     230952-25-7P
     RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (surface tension, TEM, MALDI-TOF mass spectra; preparation, properties,
        aggregation, and crosslinking of silsesquioxane-based amphiphile)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):2
1.7
      3 ANSWERS
                  CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
IC
     ICM H01B001-06
     ICS H01G009-038; H01G009-035; H01M006-18; H01M006-22; H01M010-40
CC
     76-2 (Electric Phenomena)
     Section cross-reference(s): 52
     Ion-conducting polymer compositions and their use in batteries and
     electrochemical devices
ST
     ion conducting polymer longlasting low viscosity; polymn inhibitor ion
     conductor compn; electrochem device fabrication stable viscosity ion
     conductor
IT
     Polymer electrolytes
     Secondary batteries
        (addition of polymerization inhibitors in ion-conducting polymer compns. for
        long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication into electrochem.
        devices)
IT
     Viscosity
        (controller; addition of polymerization inhibitors in ion-conducting polymer
        compns. for long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication into
        electrochem. devices)
IT
     Capacitors
        (double layer; addition of polymerization inhibitors in ion-conducting
polymer
        compns. for long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication into
        electrochem. devices)
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
TΤ
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (hydrosilyl-terminated, reaction products with polyfunctional vinyl
        compds., complexes; addition of polymerization inhibitors in ion-conducting
        polymer compns. for long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication
        into electrochem. devices)
TΤ
     Ionic conductors
        (polymeric; addition of polymerization inhibitors in ion-conducting polymer
        compns. for long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication into
        electrochem. devices)
IΤ
     Polymerization inhibitors
        (viscosity controller; addition of polymerization inhibitors in
ion-conducting
        polymer compns. for long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication
        into electrochem. devices)
TT
     1471-18-7DP, Tetrakisallyloxymethylmethane, reaction products with
     hydrosilyl-terminated vinyl-containing polyoxyalkylenes, complex
     2488-01-9DP, 1,4-Bis(dimethylsilyl)benzene, reaction products with
     vinyl-terminated polyoxyalkylenes and polyfunctional vinyl-terminated
     compds., complex
                        7439-93-2DP, Lithium, polyoxyalkylene complexes
     25852-47-5DP, Polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate, hydrosilylated, reaction
     products with tetrakisallyloxymethylmethane, complex
                                                            35641-03-3DP,
     Divinyl adipate homopolymer, complex
                                           52503-44-3DP, Polyethylene
     polypropylene glycol diacrylate, hydrosilylated, reaction products with
     vinyl-terminated ethoxylated glycerol, complex 376361-69-2DP, reaction
```

products with vinyl-terminated polyoxyalkylenes and polyfunctional

vinyl-terminated compds., complex 454670-19-0DP, reaction

TΤ

IT

L7

ΤI

ST

IT

ΙT

IT

IT

ΙT

```
products with hydrosilyl-terminated vinyl-containing polyoxyalkylenes, complex
    RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (addition of polymerization inhibitors in ion-conducting polymer compns. for
       long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication into electrochem.
       devices)
     622-06-0, Dibenzyl maleate
                                624-48-6, Dimethyl maleate
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (polymerization inhibitor; addition of polymerization inhibitors in
ion-conducting
       polymer compns. for long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication
        into electrochem. devices)
    429-06-1, Tetraethylammonium tetrafluoroborate
                                                      21324-40-3, Lithium
    hexafluorophosphate
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkylene complex; addition of polymerization inhibitors in
ion-conducting
       polymer compns. for long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication
       into electrochem. devices)
     128-37-0, Di-tert-butylcresol, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (viscosity controller; addition of polymerization inhibitors in
ion-conducting
       polymer compns. for long-lasting low viscosity suitable for fabrication
       into electrochem. devices)
                 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     3 ANSWERS
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
    Reprographic Processes)
    Section cross-reference(s): 8
    Microcontact Printing Using Poly(dimethylsiloxane) Stamps Hydrophilized by
    Poly(ethylene oxide) Silanes
    hydrophilic microcontact printing stamp polydimethylsiloxane polyethylene
    oxide silane graft; lithog microcontact printing polydimethylsiloxane
    stamp hydrophilization polyethylene oxide silane
    Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
    RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical
    process); PROC (Process)
       '(IgG; microcontact printing of proteins on Au using
       poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide)
       silanes)
    Silicone rubber, reactions
    RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, Sylgard 184; hydrophilization of poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp
        for microcontact printing by surface plasma oxidation followed by grafting
       of poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
    Hydrophilicity
        (hydrophilization of poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp for microcontact
       printing by surface plasma oxidation followed by grafting of poly(ethylene
       oxide) silanes)
    Proteins
    RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical
    process); PROC (Process)
        (microcontact printing of proteins on Au using poly(dimethylsiloxane)
       stamp hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
    Flexographic printing plates
        (microcontact; hydrophilization of poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp for
       microcontact printing by surface plasma oxidation followed by grafting of
       poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
```

(microcontact; microcontact printing using poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp

IT

112-60-7, Tetraethylene glycol

```
hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
 ΙT
      Oxidation
         (surface, plasma-induced; hydrophilization of poly(dimethylsiloxane)
         stamp for microcontact printing by surface plasma oxidation followed by
         grafting of poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
 IT
      52995-76-3P
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
      (Reactant or reagent)
         (alkoxylation of tetraethylene glycol with triethylene glycol
         monomethyl ether chloride)
. IT
      7440-05-3, Palladium, processes
                                       7440-31-5, Tin, processes
      RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);
      PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
         (colloidal mixture; microcontact printing of Pd/Sn colloidal catalyst on
         glass for electroless deposition of NiB using poly(dimethylsiloxane)
         stamp hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
     107347-53-5, TRITC
      RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
         (fluorescent label; microcontact printing of proteins on Au using
         poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide)
         silanes)
      1760-24-3, 3-(2-Aminoethylamino)propyltrimethoxysilane
ΙT
      RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
         (glass substrate derivatized with; microcontact printing of Pd/Sn
         colloidal catalyst on glass for electroless deposition of NiB using
         poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide)
         silanes)
 ΙT
      97969-60-3P
                    623933-36-8P
                                   623933-38-0P
                                                   623933-40-4P
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
      (Reactant or reagent)
         (hydrophilization of poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp for microcontact
         printing by surface plasma oxidation followed by grafting of poly(ethylene
         oxide) silanes)
 ΙT
      107-05-1, Allyl chloride
                                 998-30-1, Triethoxysilane
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (in synthesis of poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
 ΙT
      4437-01-8P, Heptaethylene glycol monomethyl ether
                                                           26150-06-1P,
      Tetraethylene glycol monoallyl ether 27252-80-8P, Polyethylene glycol
     allyl methyl ether
                          98269-27-3P 114740-40-8P 623933-39-1P
      623933-41-5P 623933-42-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
      (Reactant or reagent)
         (in synthesis of poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
TΤ
                    12007-00-0P, Nickel boride (niB)
      11099-25-5P
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation,
     unclassified); PYP (Physical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process) (microcontact printing of Pd/Sn colloidal catalyst on glass for
         electroless deposition of NiB using poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp
         hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
IΤ
     97969-60-3DP, graft with oxidized Sylgard 184
                                                     623933-36-8DP, graft with
     oxidized Sylgard 184 623933-38-0DP, graft with oxidized Sylgard 184
     623933-40-4DP, graft with oxidized Sylgard 184
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (microcontact printing using poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp hydrophilized
         by poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
ΙT
     7782-44-7, Oxygen, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (plasma; hydrophilization of poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp for
         microcontact printing by surface plasma oxidation followed by grafting of
        poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)
```

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction triethylene glycol monomethyl ether chloride)

IT 79622-11-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with tetraethylene glycol in synthesis of poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)

IT 112-35-6, Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction with thionyl chloride)

IT 3205-10-5P, Heptaethylene glycol allyl methyl ether 230952-24-6P 623933-37-9P 623933-43-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(silylation with triethoxysilane in presence of hexachloroplatinic acid)

IT 156-57-0, Cysteamine hydrochloride

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process)

(substrate; microcontact printing of cysteamine hydrochloride on Au using poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)

IT 7440-57-5, Gold, processes

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process)

(substrate; microcontact printing of polar thiol on Au using poly(dimethylsiloxane) stamp hydrophilized by poly(ethylene oxide) silanes)

## ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

=> log y		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	9.13	171.10
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-0.73	-0.73

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 10:17:58 ON 07 JUN 2005